

EXECUTIVE STAFF

City Manager

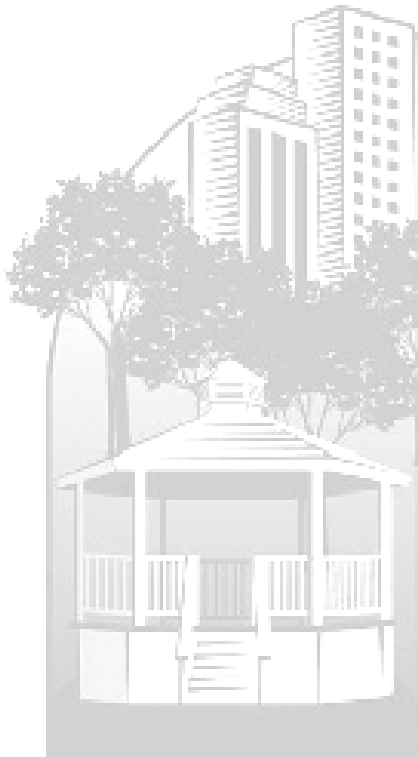
Phillip L. Nelson

Assistant City Manager/Finance &
Administration

John M. Lamerato

Assistant City Manager/Economic
Development Services

Brian P. Murphy



City of
Troy

CITY COUNCIL

Mayor

Louise E. Schilling

Mayor Pro Tem

Martin F. Howrylak

Council Member

Robin Beltramini

Council Member

Cristina Broomfield

Council Member

David Eisenbacher

Council Member

Wade Fleming

Council Member

Mary Kerwin



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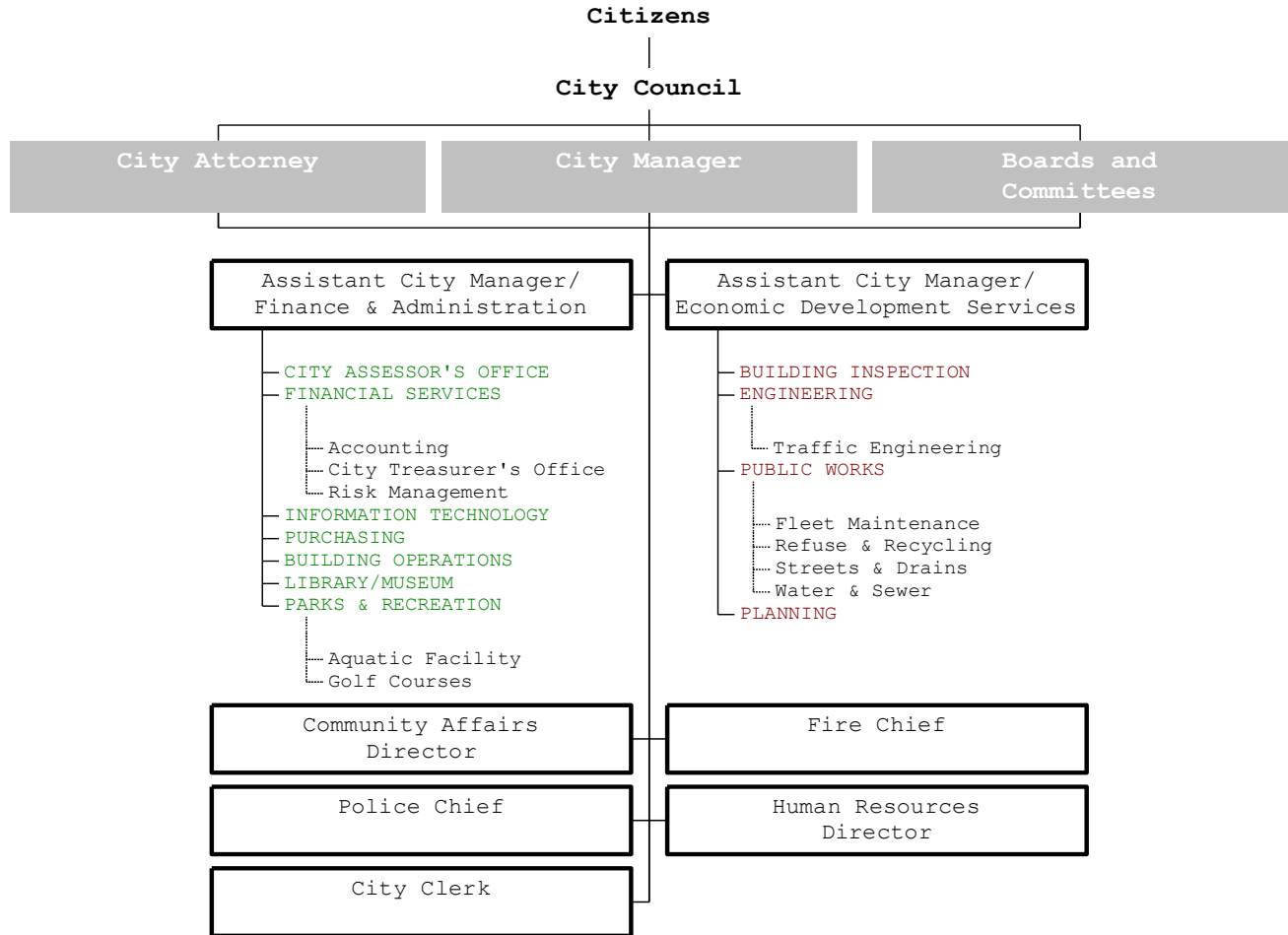
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The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the City of Troy, Michigan for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007.

In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan and as a communication device.

This award is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current budget continues to conform to program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

City Manager - **Phillip L. Nelson**
City Attorney - **Lori Grigg Bluhm**
Assistant City Manager/Finance & Administration - **John M. Lamerato**
Assistant City Manager/Economic Development Services - **Brian P. Murphy**
City Assessor - **Nino Licari**
City Clerk - **Tonni L. Bartholomew**
City Engineer - **Steven J. Vandette**
City Treasurer - **Sandra Kasperek**
Community Affairs Director - **Cindy Stewart**
Director of Building & Zoning - **Mark S. Stimac**
Director of Building Operations - **Steve Pallotta**
Financial Services Director - **James A. Nash**
Fire Chief - **William Nelson**
Human Resources Director - **Peggy E. Sears**
Information Technology Director - **Gert Paraskevin**
Library/Museum Director - **Cathleen A. Russ**
Parks and Recreation Director - **Carol Anderson**
Planning Director - **Mark Miller**
Police Chief - **Charles Craft**
Public Works Director - **Timothy Richnak**
Purchasing Director - **Susan Leirstein**
Risk Manager - **Stephen Cooperrider**

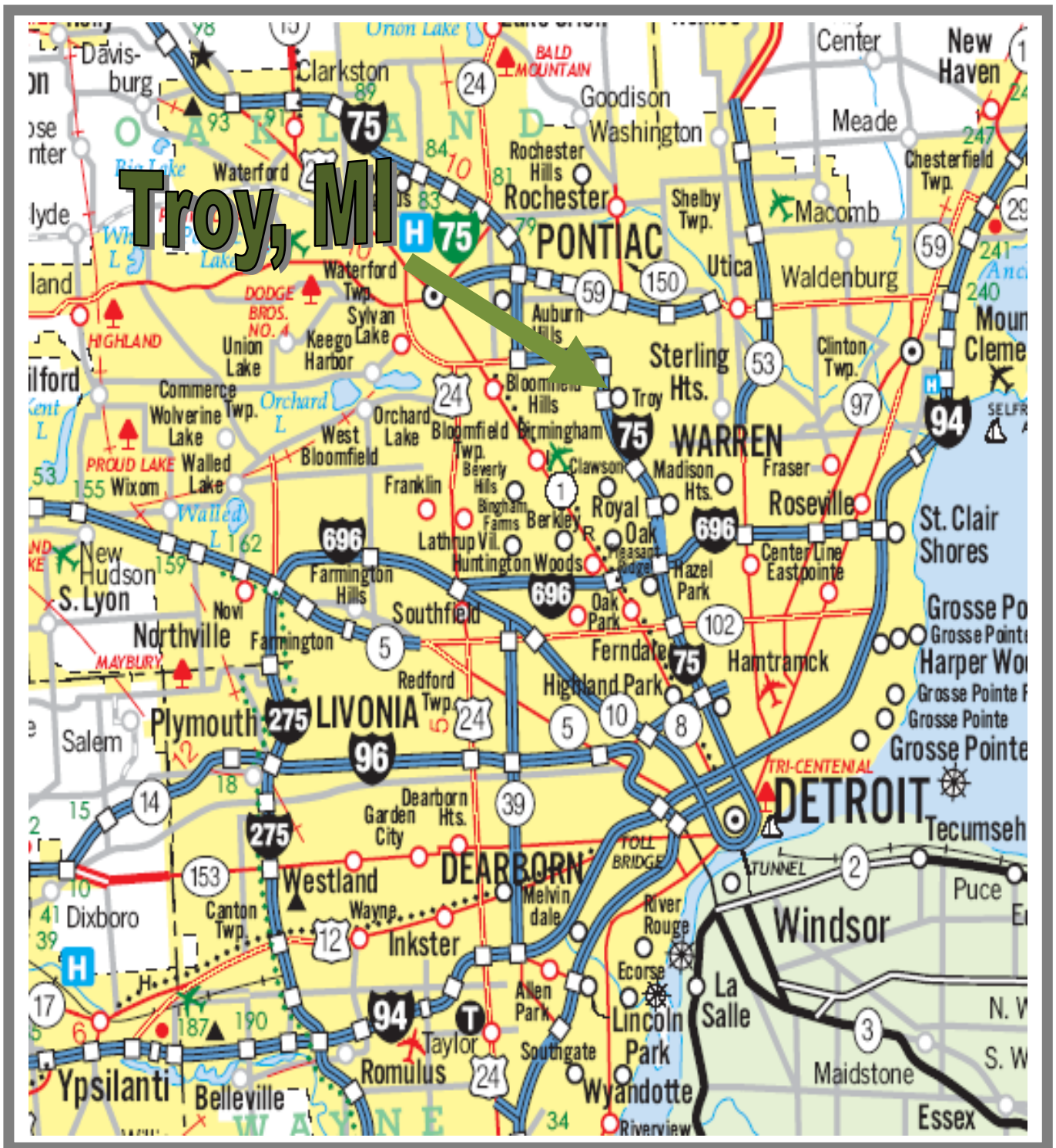


CITY SEAL

The figure represented on the official seal of the City of Troy is that of Athena, mythological Greek goddess of wisdom.

Athena was known as the dispenser of prudent restraint and practical insight, maintainer of law. Her association with civilization and society rather than wilderness and nature earned her reverence as the protectress of Greek cities, including ancient Troy.

Athena's ethical standards and precepts remain worthy today, making her an appropriate symbol for the modern City of Troy and a model for all who live, work, or play here.





May 19, 2008

MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL
City of Troy
500 West Big Beaver
Troy, MI 48084

Dear Mayor and Council Members:

In accordance with the City Charter I present to you the City budget for fiscal year 2008/09. This budget serves not only as a planning and policy guide, but also determines the level of service we will provide to residents, businesses, and visitors. This document also illustrates the City's administrative structure and work plan for the upcoming fiscal year.

The primary focus of this budget is based on the basic functions of government: service delivery; protection; and adding value to life and the various properties in the city of Troy. While not perceived as a part of the budgeting process, the revenues that our taxpayers invest in the City adds value to their properties, which is the highest rate of return on investment. Property values are significantly impacted by the quality and service function of infrastructure, i.e., streets, water and sewer lines, and parks and are just as significantly impacted by the levels of service through police, fire and other emergency service delivery systems.

In terms of the price of government to offer these value added principles, the City of Troy has one of the lowest overall prices in the state of Michigan.

Based on the total expenditures listed in the document, the average residential property owner in Troy pays about 2.2 cents of every tax dollar paid to the various entities serving Troy.

Troy residents pay about 1.4% of average household income for property tax based services offered by the City.

BUILDING UPON A STRONG BASE

Our community's growth and standard of excellence has been achieved by faithful adherence to four principles: a strong sense of volunteerism from our residents, a culture of professionalism within the administrative service, fiscal integrity, and quality of life amenities.

While our tax base is strong, we need to achieve a better balance between residential and business properties. Our residential tax base now accounts for approximately 58% of revenues, while our target is a 50-50 split.

Troy's population is incredibly diverse and talented. Over 81 languages are spoken in the homes of our school children. Our city is filled with people who are committed to excellence and community involvement.

2008/09 BUDGET AT A GLANCE

The total City budget of \$152.8 million increased by \$1.2 million or 0.8% from the previous year. A substantial portion of the increase is attributable to the funding of capital projects that often span more than one year.

The average homeowner's tax bill for City services, based on a taxable value of \$124,885, will amount to \$1,159 compared to \$1,156 last year.

The City reduced its full-time work force by four positions to 468 employees, which represents 5.32 employees for every 1,000 Troy residents, and approximately 3.90 employees per 1,000 people who work in the city. The four positions were reduced through attrition. Job responsibilities were redistributed among current employees.

The budget calls for the reliance on Fund Balance reserves of \$4.1 million, compared to \$3.2 million last year. The undesignated General Fund reserves are anticipated to equal at least 12% of the recommended budget.

As a result of passage of Proposal A homeowners have seen at most a 2.3% adjustment in taxable property value. This, in spite of a 4.5% average decrease in market values due to the use of one year's sales data instead of two.

The budget includes funding for the following programs:

- \$15.3 million - Street construction and reconstruction projects, utilizing grants and capital funds
- \$0.5 million - Sidewalks
- \$1.1 million - Parks development reserve and improvements
- \$8.8 million - Water main replacements
- \$2.7 million - Sanitary sewer improvements
- \$0.5 million - Storm drain improvements
- \$1.8 million - Trail system reserve
- \$1.6 million - Civic Center site improvements
- \$1.3 million - Transit Center reserve
- \$0.4 million - Fire apparatus replacement reserve
- \$0.8 million - Library books and materials
- \$0.4 million - Museum improvements

Troy is a vibrant community with a strong sense of civic pride and dedicated community leaders, rich in cultural diversity, community wellness, and economic vitality.

Since its incorporation on June 13, 1955 Troy has been governed by a 7-member City Council, including a Mayor, all of which serve 4-year terms. Under the Council-Manager form of government, Mayor and City Council appoint 2 officials: the City Manager and the City Attorney. In turn, the City Manager appoints all department directors.

The 2008 estimated population for Troy is 87,954: 6,995 residents, or 8.6% greater than the 2000 census. In terms of population, Troy is the 13th largest city in Michigan and its total property value is the second highest in the state.

Troy's economic base is strong and balanced. The median household income is approximately \$94,227. There are 32,802 households and a median age of 41.7. Seven school districts serve Troy.

Troy is a full-service community with public transportation provided by a regional authority.

The City of Troy currently maintains 14 developed park sites, 8 of which are major parks. City parks provide a variety of recreational opportunities from baseball diamonds to miles of developed walking; jogging; and bicycle riding pathways. Troy has 610 acres of parkland (active and passive). Additionally, the total acreage of City and private parks, including two golf courses, is 1,446.

Troy has received awards from various professional associations and municipal services organizations for innovative approaches to service delivery and quality improvements.

Troy enjoys a solid reputation for municipal planning and growth management. Its development of a new comprehensive master land use plan and corridor studies will guide development of the Big Beaver corridor; other business corridors; and high quality mixed residential development as the community's most significant focal points.

The strong commercial and industrial business environment is a mix of service; product; and technological employers. This impressive mix of business opportunities has allowed Troy to maintain low unemployment rates. Principal employers include:

- Arvin Meritor
- AT&T
- Behr America
- Delphi
- Entech Personnel Services, Inc.
- Flagstar Bank
- Fisher Corp.
- Kelly Services
- Kostal North America
- LaSalle Bank
- Magna International
- National City Bank
- Syntel, Inc.
- Target Corporation
- Textron Automotive
- Thyssen Krupp
- Valeo
- William Beaumont Hospital
- Yarema Tool & Die

Troy also enjoys a wide variety of fine restaurants; churches; and retail shops. The city occupies 34.3 square miles, and over 98% of its land is developed.

As you review Troy's budget document, note that it is organized by fund type. Fund types are distinguished by laminated tabs and include:

- General Fund
- Special Revenue Funds
- Debt Service Funds
- Capital Project Funds
- Enterprise Funds
- Internal Service Funds

The General Fund is further divided into major divisions or departments. These departments are comprised of several activities or offices. For example, within Other General Government there are three offices, including City Buildings; Planning; and Real Estate and Development.

Each department contains:

- Functional Organizational Chart
- Funding Level Summary
- Key Departmental Trends
- Service Statement
- Performance Objectives
- Organizational Chart
- Summary of Budget Changes

Functional Organizational Charts, Department at a Glance summaries, and Key Departmental Trends provide a quick overview of the entire department.

The Funding Level Summary lists costs by object and division for the prior two fiscal years, the current year and proposed budget. The costs include both direct and indirect overhead costs of the function.

The Organization Chart and Staff Summary illustrate the number of budgeted positions and internal office structure.

Performance Objectives give specific objectives that the activity hopes to achieve in the current year, while the Performance Indicators provide a listing of key measurements of the activity's output and efficiency.

Finally, the Summary of Budget Changes provides a detailed explanation of the funding level changes that have taken place, along with several years of operating budget history.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Your budget contains a lot of information! How can I find summary information quickly?

Information within the All Funds Summary tab provides a quick overview of the City's total budget. It explains how the funds are organized as well as total revenue and expenditures trends. The Executive Summary provides a general overview explaining how the City plans to utilize its resources and highlights some of the more significant changes to the City's budget.

The information within the Trends & Summaries tab also contains a multitude of useful information about the City's largest fund - the General Fund.

I notice that each office has a Funding Level Summary. How can I get more detailed expenditure information by account within each office?

The City Manager's Office produces a separate line-item budget on CD that details each office's expenditure accounts.

How can I quickly find the location of certain offices within the budget document?

The Table of Contents at the beginning of the budget lists all offices in the order in which they appear in the document.

Where can I find how many employees are within each department?

There is a schedule within the Personnel Summary tab that lists all position titles and number of employees within each office.

How much do you spend in the General Fund on salaries for employees?

Within the Trends & Summaries tab, there is both an Expenditure and Revenue by Account History, which provides the reader with the total dollars spent in each account.

How can I find out information about your capital budget?

Our capital budget is incorporated in the annual budget document. It details the funds appropriated for specific facilities, equipment, vehicles, and improvement projects. A listing, description, and City map geographically depicting the location of all projects can be found within the Capital Projects tab.

UNIFORM BUDGETING ACT

The City is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (the Uniform Budgeting Act). The following statements represent a brief synopsis of the major provisions of this Act.

- Budgets must be adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

- The budgets must be balanced.
- The budgets must be formally amended when necessary.
- Debt cannot be entered into unless permitted by law.
- Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- Expenditures cannot be made unless authorized in the budget.
- Public hearings must be held before budget adoptions.

BUDGET PROCESS

In deciding what information to include in the budget document the City follows steps and deadlines outlined in the City Charter:

- On or before the third Monday in April, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- The annual operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Project Funds, Enterprise Funds, and Internal Service Funds.
- After the proposed budget has been submitted to the City Council, they review the recommendations and hold study sessions and a public hearing to obtain taxpayer comments.
- On or before the third Monday in May, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an Appropriations Ordinance for each fund which takes effect the following July 1.

- The Appropriations Ordinance is the legislative vehicle that allows for expenditure of funds throughout the City. The Ordinance is based on the approved and adopted budget and is the final product of the budget cycle.
- The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within budgetary centers (major activity or department); however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any budgetary center must be approved by the City Council.

In addition to meeting the Charter requirements, administrators of City departments made budget requests to the City Manager, which he has reviewed before arriving at his proposed budget recommendations.

The budget calendar outlines the entire budget process by month.

The City adopts its budget by budgetary center in accordance with the State's legal requirement, and is the level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.

The adopted budget is prepared on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), except that: operating transfers are treated as revenues and expenditures. The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized in the preparation of budgets for all governmental fund types that are contained within this document.

Expenditures other than accrued interest on long-term debt are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, and revenues are recorded when received in cash, except for material and/or available revenues, which should be accrued to properly reflect the tax levied and revenues earned.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized in developing the Enterprise Fund, and Internal Service Fund budgets.

Budgets are monitored carefully each month, and progress is reported quarterly. Necessary amendments are approved by City Council periodically.

A budget is considered balanced if the Fund Balance projected to the end of the budget year is positive.

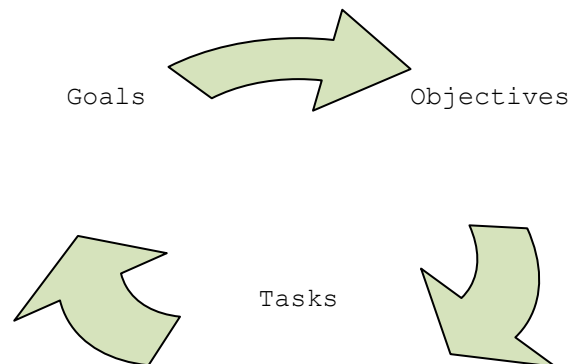
The City Council reviews the strategic plan on an annual basis to ensure that the focus of the City is placed squarely on the planning and financial goals of the community.

The Council uses the Comprehensive Plan; the Troy Futures Report; Capital Improvement Plan documents; and citizen input to formulate a series of goals for the coming planning and fiscal year. Due to the fact that the budget document and the City's Business Plan are being guided more and more toward budgeting for outcomes, the goals are indicated, but are also restated to show goals as outcomes.

Approved goals are indicated as follows:

Approved Goals

- Enhance the livability and safety of the community
- Minimize the cost and increase the efficiency and effectiveness of City government
- Retain and attract investment while encouraging redevelopment
- Effectively and professionally communicate internally and externally
- Maintain relevance of public infrastructure to meet changing public needs
- Emphasize regionalism and incorporate creativity into the annual strategic planning process



The Council's primary job is to set policy for the community's future. Policy decisions are critical for the future given the current economy, the massive change in the state's economic base from manufacturing to a knowledge-based economy, and the need to have infrastructure in place to put the City and region in the position to meet economic, business and residential priorities of the future. Council decisions today will impact the future of the City for the next 20 or 30 years.

Restated goals to outcomes include:

Restated Goals to Outcomes

- Troy has enhanced the livability and safety of the community
- Troy is a model for an entrepreneurial, high quality City government
- Troy is rebuilding for a healthy economy reflecting the values of a unique community in a changing world
- Troy includes residents, businesses and employees in the new age of information
- Troy adds value to properties through maintenance or upgrades or infrastructure and quality of life venues
- Troy develops plans, programs and projects based on potential regional, state, national and global impacts

City goals and objectives span the timeframe for the upcoming budget, as well as several years into the future. In fact, some decisions City Council makes will have a multi-generational impact. An overview of our action plan consisting of objectives and tasks is outlined below.

1. ENHANCE A TWO-WAY FLOW OF PUBLIC INFORMATION

This includes creation of the Customers Solutions Department; increased implementation of the Hansen customer service module; and updates and improvements to the City's web page.

2. ADDRESS CITIZEN INPUT AND CONCERNS AND ENCOURAGE THEIR PARTICIPATION

In order to improve communication, we will continue implementation of a citizens concern process tied to work orders. We will also utilize our web site, newsletter, utility bills, and kiosks to inform and interact with our residents. The formation of a Customer Solutions Department will attempt to handle citizen and visitor requests.

3. MAINTAIN HIGH LEVEL OF SERVICE

This will be accomplished through expansion of our web site, review of operational procedures, and property maintenance enforcement.

4. PROMOTE CULTURE OF PROFESSIONALISM

Involves selective education and training of staff and Council Members, continuing our internship program, maintaining an environment that establishes a positive identity, and continue to pursue achievement awards.

5. DETERMINE APPROPRIATE STAFFING LEVELS

This pertains to determining future needs and assessing the number of employees needed to meet those needs, evaluating benefit levels, privatization and regionalization of City services when functional to do so, and the Efficiency Committee review of the table of organization.

6. EXPAND ELECTRONIC FUNCTIONS

This incorporates document management and imaging, expansion of online transactions, expansion of the sewer video program, and the electronic inspection process for field inspectors.

7. PRIORITIZE CAPITAL PROJECTS

This includes building and maintaining infrastructure and facilities to meet existing and future needs. These projects include road improvements, technology upgrades, development of park sites, a transit center, and rehabilitation of Museum facilities.

8. PROMOTE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND REDEVELOPMENT

This includes adoption of Brownfield Redevelopment plans, re-development of industrial/ commercial properties on Maple Road, the Big Beaver corridor study, the Maple Road corridor study, and blight reduction.

9. UPHOLD FISCAL INTEGRITY

As always, prepare balanced budgets, maintain low tax rate, seek the GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, and maintain a AAA bond rating.

10. PROMOTE THE HERITAGE OF OUR CITY AND THE SHARE PRINCIPLES OF OUR COUNTRY, WHILE ALSO RECOGNIZING THE NATIONAL AND ETHNIC TIES OF ALL OF OUR CITIZENS

An important part of this objective is recognition of changing demographics and adjusting services accordingly and providing cultural programming and services.

11. ENHANCE COMMUNITY LIVABILITY THROUGH MORE INTEGRATION OF BUSINESS, EDUCATIONAL, RECREATIONAL AND OTHER REDEVELOPMENT PHILOSOPHIES

The City will continue to partner with the Michigan Economic Development Corporation (MEDC), Michigan Jobs Network, Oakland County, Automation Alley and other strategic partners to recruit and retain quality businesses for our highly trained workforce.

12. REVAMP REGULATORY DOCUMENTS TO BE MORE FLEXIBLE TO TAKE CHANGING STYLES OF THE TIMES INTO ACCOUNT

This will include updating of the City's master plan and utilizing overlay zoning districts. The planned unit development (PUD) ordinance was rewritten.

In recent years, changing conditions and fiscal capacities coupled with the demand for increased services have forced a reassessment of the role local government units play.

Public officials are charged with the responsibility to ensure that all services are being planned and provided within acceptable levels of cost and, when required, to seek alternative methods of financing. The budgetary process allows for the accumulation of financial and performance information relative to these services. It provides the opportunity to analyze and debate the merits of each service as well as to make decisions about the level and cost of the services to be provided.

This budget continues the conservative spending approach that residents of Troy expect from City government. This document also assists our efforts to make the operations of the City more efficient, less costly, and more importantly, to target available resources to functions according to City Council priority rating.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City of Troy's financial policies compiled below set forth basic tenets for overall fiscal management of the City. These policies provide a framework to assist the decision-making process of the City Council and Administration. They should enforce any policy choice, regardless of changing circumstances and conditions.

These policies provide guidelines for evaluating both current activities as well as proposals for future programs.

1. The budget process will place emphasis on those personnel and management areas of long-term importance: employee relations; increased efficiency; office automation; implementation of new technologies; long-term workforce planning; management incentives; and use of the Interest Based Bargaining technique.
2. Expansion of existing service programs or addition of a new service program is only considered in the proposed budget when a revenue source can support all of the ongoing cost, or when the requesting department can identify an existing service which can be reduced or eliminated. Programs financed with grant money shall be budgeted in special funds and, when grant revenues are reduced or eliminated, the service program shall be adjusted accordingly.
3. The City will maintain a budgetary control system to ensure adherence to the budget and prepare monthly reports comparing actual revenues and expenditures to budgeted amounts. The City will report its financial performance quarterly.
4. The City will monitor departmental expenditures on a monthly basis to ensure conformity to budgets.
5. The City stresses results, integrating performance measurement and productivity indicators with the budget.
6. The City will avoid budgetary practices or procedures that balance current period expenditures at the expense of future years' revenues.

7. The budget strives to provide for adequate maintenance of capital facilities and equipment, and for their orderly replacement.
 8. The budget will provide for adequate levels of funding for all retirement systems and other postemployment benefits.
 9. The City will develop and maintain accounting and budgetary control systems to adequately safeguard the assets held in public trust.
 10. The Operating and Capital Budgets will fully describe the major goals to be achieved and the services and programs to be delivered based upon the levels of funding anticipated or provided.
 11. The City will finance essential City services that have a City-wide benefit in the budget from revenue sources which are generated from a broad base, i.e. property taxes, State revenue sharing, assessments, and fees.
 12. The City will seek to minimize the impact in use of property tax financing by seeking alternative financing for City services that focus on user fees for responsive services; upgrading; and enhancing the property tax base.
 13. Special assessment financing formulas and user fee rate structures will accurately charge the cost of service provided to the benefiting property owners and customers served while being sensitive to the needs of low-income people.
-

REVENUE POLICIES

1. The City will make every attempt to maintain a diversified and stable revenue base to shelter it from short- or long-term fluctuations in any one revenue source.
 2. The City will project its annual revenues by an objective and thorough analytical process.
 3. The City will maintain sound appraisal procedures and practices to reflect current property values.
 4. The City will establish user charges and set fees for services for its enterprise funds at a level that fully supports the total direct and indirect costs of the activities. Indirect costs include the recognition of annualized depreciation of capital assets. Cash flow requirements to adequately defray bond retirement and capital outlay will become a primary determinant in the development of user charges.
 5. The City will follow an aggressive policy of collecting revenues.
 6. The City will review fees/charges annually and design or modify revenue systems to include provisions that automatically allow charges to grow at a rate that keeps pace with the cost of providing the service.
-

RESERVE POLICIES

The City will strive to maintain an unreserved, undesignated General Fund balance of 10 -17 % of the General Fund budget. Funds in excess of 17 % will be transferred to the Budget Stabilization Fund.

ACCOUNTING, AUDITING, AND FINANCIAL REPORTING POLICIES

1. An independent audit will be performed annually.
 2. The City will produce comprehensive annual financial reports in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the body of accounting and financial reporting standards, conventions, and practices that have authoritative support from standard setting bodies such as the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).
-

INVESTMENT POLICIES

1. The City will conduct a cash-flow analysis of all funds on a regular basis. Disbursement, collection, and deposit of all funds will be scheduled to insure maximum investment capabilities.
2. When permitted by law, the City will pool cash from several different funds for investment purposes to maximize potential earnings.
3. The City will analyze market conditions and potential investments to maximize its yield, while maintaining the integrity, diversification, and safety of the principal.

4. The City's accounting system will provide regular information concerning cash position and investment performance.
-

DEBT POLICIES

1. The City will confine long-term borrowing to capital improvements or projects that cannot be financed from current revenues, and where the issuance of long-term debt is required, it will pay back the bonds within a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the project.
 2. The City will attempt to keep the average maturity of general obligation bonds at or below 20 years.
 3. When possible, the City will use special assessment, revenue, tax increment, or other self-supporting bonds.
 4. The City will not incur long-term debt to support current operations.
 5. The City will maintain a sound relationship with all bond rating agencies and will keep them informed about our current capital projects.
-

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT BUDGET POLICIES

1. Capital investments will foster Troy's goal of preserving and enhancing its infrastructure.
2. The City will attempt to maintain all its assets at a level adequate to protect the City's capital investment and to minimize future maintenance and replacement costs.

3. The City will maintain the fiscal integrity of its operating debt service and capital improvement budgets in order to provide services, and construct and maintain public facilities, streets, and utilities.
 4. The City will implement a multi-year plan for capital improvements, with proposed funding sources, and update it annually.
 5. The City shall make all capital improvements in accordance with an adopted capital acquisition program.
 6. The City will coordinate decision-making for the Capital Improvement Budget with the Operating Budget to make effective use of the City's limited resources for operating and maintaining existing services and facilities.
 7. The City will use inter-governmental assistance to finance only those capital improvements that are consistent with the adopted capital improvement plan, City priorities, and for which operating and maintenance costs have been included in the operating budget.
 8. The City will maintain a responsible and prudent fiscal condition to minimize long-term interest expense when financing capital improvements.
 9. The capital dollar threshold has been established at \$5,000.
-

AMENDMENT POLICIES

The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within budgetary functions; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditure of any budgetary function must be approved by a majority of the members elect of the City Council.

2007

July

- 9th Approved 2007/08 budget document distributed at the first City Council meeting in July
- *** Begin preparing updated Municipal Improvements Plan (MIP)
- *** Begin monitoring budget performance

October

- *** Revenue and expenditure forecast prepared
- *** Updated revenue study of fees and charges prepared
- 15th Quarterly financial performance report prepared

November

- *** Capital budget unit (CBU) develops Capital requests and presents the CBU's Capital improvement report to the City Manager
- 19th Prior year's annual audit released

December

- *** Preparation of General Fund review and multi-year financial plan
- *** City Manager's final Capital recommendations are reported to all offices and included in the proposed budget
- *** Assistant City Manager/Finance & Administration prepares personnel costs and operating cost targets for proposed budget
- *** Distribute operating budget manual and revenue worksheets

2008

January

- *** Revenue worksheets due from all departments
- *** Preparation of the water supply and sewerage disposal system rate analysis
- 21st Quarterly financial performance report prepared

February

- *** Operating budget worksheets due from departments
- *** 2008/09 revenue forecast prepared by City management
- *** City management analyzes departments' budget requests
- *** Assistant City Manager/Finance & Administration prepares proposed budget document

April

- *** City Manager makes final proposed budget recommendations
- 21st Proposed budget document presented to the City Council
- 21st Quarterly financial performance report prepared
- *** City Council workshops: Budget review, questions, and adjustments
- 28th Budget notice is published in local newspapers

May

- *** Workshops continue
- 19th Public hearing for budget
- *** City Manager prepares approved 2008/09 budget document incorporating City Council adjustments
- 19th City Council adopts taxation resolution and appropriations ordinance

June

- 16th Assistant City Manager/Finance & Administration prepares final current year budget amendment